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## I N Q U I R I E S

For further information about these and related statistics, contact the National Information and Referral Service on 1300135070 or Labour

ABBREVIATIONS

This publication presents information about underemployed workers. The number of underemployed workers is an important component of underutilised labour resources in the economy, along with the number of unemployed and some persons with marginal attachment to the labour force. A range of information is presented on underemployed workers including the number of hours usually worked, number of preferred hours, steps taken to find work with more hours, and difficulties finding work with more hours.

The statistics in this publication were compiled from the Underemployed Workers Survey, conducted throughout Australia in September 2004 as a supplement to the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) monthly Labour Force Survey (LFS).

Data from the survey relate to all employed persons aged 15 years and over. Persons who worked less than 35 hours in the week prior to the survey (i.e. the reference week) and who would have preferred to work more hours, were asked about whether they were looking for work with more hours, whether they were available to start work with more hours and their experience in looking for work with more hours. Other information sought included the duration of the current period of insufficient work and the number of extra hours preferred.

As estimates have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

| ABS | Australian Bureau of Statistics |
| ---: | :--- |
| ASCED | Australian Standard Classification of Education |
| CAI | computer assisted interviewing |
| ILO | International Labour Organisation |
| LFS | Labour Force Survey |
| n.f.d. | not further defined |
| RSE | relative standard error |
| SACC | Standard Australian Classification of Countries |
| SE | standard error |

## Dennis Trewin

Australian Statistician

CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK
The ABS conceptual framework for underemployment separates employed persons into two mutually exclusive groups:

- workers who are fully employed
- workers who are not fully employed, comprising:
- part-time workers who want to work more hours
- full-time workers who worked part-time hours in the reference week for economic reasons (such as being stood down or insufficient work being available).

Fully employed workers comprise: employed persons who worked full time during the reference week (includes persons who usually work part time); employed persons who usually work full time but worked part time in the reference week for non-economic reasons (including illness or injury, leave, holiday or flextime, and personal reasons); and part-time workers (usually work part time and did so in the reference week) who do not want additional hours of work.


## CONCEPTUAL FRAMEWORK continued

DEFINITION OF UNDEREMPLOYMENT

UNDEREMPLOYED
WORKERS SURVEY

The ABS underemployment framework classifies persons who are not fully employed into a number of groups based on whether they are looking for and/or available to start work with more hours. The framework separately identifies part-time workers wanting full-time hours and those wanting more part-time hours. These persons are further classified according to whether they had looked for extra work during the four weeks prior to the survey, and whether they were available to start extra work (either in the reference week or in the four weeks subsequent to the survey).

Persons who usually work full time, but worked part time in the reference week for economic reasons, are separately identified in the underemployment framework. It is assumed that these people wanted to work full time in the reference week and would have been available to do so.

The ABS definition of the underemployed is consistent with the International Labour Organisation (ILO) definition of time-related underemployment.

According to the ILO definition adopted in 1998, time-related underemployment exists when the hours of work of an employed person are below a threshold, and are insufficient in relation to an alternative employment situation in which the person is willing and available to engage. More specifically, persons in time-related underemployment comprise all employed persons (as defined) who satisfy the following three criteria:

- willingness to work additional hours - the ILO recommends that those who have actively sought to work additional hours should be distinguished from those who have not
- availability to work additional hours, within a specified subsequent period
- worked less than a threshold (determined according to national circumstances) relating to working time - the ABS underemployment framework uses a threshold ( 35 hours in the reference week) based on the boundary between full-time and part-time work.

The Underemployed Workers Survey is the primary ABS data source on underemployment. It provides a wide range of information about underemployed workers, including information on the number of hours usually worked, number of preferred hours, steps taken to find work with more hours, and difficulties finding work with more hours. Summary information on underemployed workers is also collected in the Labour Force Survey (LFS) on a quarterly basis.

## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS

## OVERVIEW

## PART-TIME WORKERS

WHO WANT MORE HOURS

Characteristics of part-time workers who want more hours

Duration of insufficient work

Available to start work with more hours in the reference week

Looking for, or available to start work

There were 9,724,000 employed persons aged 15 years and over in September 2004. Of these:

- 612,900 (6\%) usually worked part time and wanted to work more hours
- 578,300 (6\%) were underemployed workers, including:
- 523,000 who usually worked part time and wanted more hours and were available to start work with more hours in the reference week, or within four weeks of interview
- 55,300 who usually worked full time but worked part-time hours in the reference week due to economic reasons (being stood down, on short time, or having insufficient work). The majority (83\%) of these were male.

In September 2004, there were 2,740,600 part-time workers. Of these, $22 \%(612,900)$ wanted to work more hours, a decrease of one percentage point since September 2003. The proportion of part-time workers wanting more hours was higher for males (29\%) than for females $(20 \%)$. A similar pattern occurred in previous years.

Of the 612,900 part-time workers who wanted to work more hours, the majority (59\%) wanted to work full time. For males, the proportion who wanted to work full time was $71 \%$, whereas the proportion of females wanting to work full time was $51 \%$.

The median duration of the current period of insufficient work for part-time workers who wanted to work more hours was 26 weeks. In September 2004, for males aged 45-54 years, the median duration of insufficient work was 52 weeks. See Glossary for definition of median duration of insufficient work.

There were 237,600 part-time workers looking for work with more hours who were available to start work with more hours in the reference week. This is the group of underemployed workers which most closely aligns with criteria applied in the ABS definition of unemployment, that is, actively looking for work, and available for work in the reference week. Females comprised $58 \%$ of these workers, compared with $55 \%$ in September 2003.

Of the 612,900 part-time workers who wanted to work more hours, $76 \%(464,800)$ had actively looked for work with more hours in the four weeks prior to the survey, or were available to start work with more hours in the reference week.

The remaining $24 \%(148,100)$ were not looking for work with more hours in the four weeks prior to the survey and were not available in the reference week. Of these, 68,700 were available to start work with more hours within the next four weeks

Of those part-time workers wanting more hours, $87 \%(533,500)$ were looking for or available to start work with more hours in the reference week or within four weeks. This proportion has remained steady since September 2002. Almost one-third (29\%) of these persons usually work 10 hours or less per week.

Of those part-time workers who were looking for or available to start work with more hours:

- $46 \%$ wanted to work 10-19 extra hours


## SUMMARY OF FINDINGS continued

Extra hours wanted
continued
The mean preferred number of extra hours each week was 14.9 hours. Males wanted to
work an average of 16.2 extra hours compared with an average of 14.1 extra hours for
females. The mean preferred number of extra hours was highest for persons aged 10 extra hours each week
25-34 years (15.8 hours) and lowest for persons aged 15-19 years (13.6 hours).
Job search experience
Of those part-time workers who wanted more hours, 301,900 (49\%) had been looking

for work with more hours. $\quad$| Part-time workers who looked for work with more hours were asked to report their main |
| :--- |
| difficulty in finding work with more hours. The most commonly reported main difficulty |
| in September 2004 was 'no vacancies in line of work' (18\%). A further 10\% reported |

MOST COMMON STEPS TAKEN TO FIND WORK WITH MORE HOURS, September 2001 to 2004

|  | SEPTEMBER$2001$ |  | SEPTEMBER$2002$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEPTEMBER } \\ & 2003 \end{aligned}$ |  | SEPTEMBER$2004$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | '000 | \% | '000 | \% | '000 | \% | '000 | \% |
| Contacted prospective employers | 202.1 | 66 | 196.1 | 65 | 194.0 | 65 | 189.5 | 63 |
| Looked in newspapers | 182.5 | 60 | 172.1 | 57 | 172.1 | 57 | 174.9 | 58 |
| Asked current employer for more work | 162.1 | 53 | 157.8 | 52 | 174.1 | 58 | 167.9 | 56 |
| Searched Internet sites | 55.5 | 18 | 77.6 | 26 | 85.1 | 28 | 96.1 | 32 |
| Contacted friends or relations | 75.5 | 25 | 71.3 | 24 | 82.0 | 27 | 88.7 | 29 |
| Registered with Centrelink | 80.7 | 27 | 70.4 | 23 | 69.2 | 23 | 69.1 | 23 |
| Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job | 64.8 | 21 | 62.6 | 21 | 66.8 | 22 | 65.5 | 22 |

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## PART-TIME WORKERS WHO WANT MORE HOURS

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5 Duration of current period of insufficient work, by sex, by age group, relationship in household, level of highest educational attainment, status in employment, preferred total number of hours, preferred number of extra hours, whether would prefer to change employer, and whether would prefer to change occupation
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|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEPTEMBER } \\ & 2002 \end{aligned}$ |  | SEPTEMBER$2003$ |  | SEPTEMBER$2004$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Males | Females | Males | Females | Persons |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 |
| Employed persons | 5198.0 | 4169.4 | 5313.7 | 4256.9 | 5360.8 | 4363.2 | 9724.0 |
| Full-time workers | 4449.4 | 2293.0 | 4550.0 | 2331.4 | 4569.0 | 2414.4 | 6983.4 |
| Worked 35 hours or more in the reference week | 3922.0 | 1957.0 | 3994.0 | 1965.4 | 3974.0 | 2057.6 | 6031.7 |
| Worked less than 35 hours in the reference week | 527.4 | 336.1 | 556.0 | 366.0 | 595.0 | 356.7 | 951.7 |
| For non-economic reasons | 491.1 | 324.5 | 525.7 | 356.7 | 549.1 | 347.3 | 896.4 |
| For economic reasons | 36.3 | 11.6 | 30.4 | 9.2 | 45.9 | 9.4 | 55.3 |
| Part-time workers | 748.6 | 1876.4 | 763.7 | 1925.4 | 791.8 | 1948.9 | 2740.6 |
| Not wanting more hours | 522.1 | 1513.2 | 536.7 | 1541.8 | 561.5 | 1566.3 | 2127.7 |
| Want more hours | 226.6 | 363.2 | 227.0 | 383.7 | 230.3 | 382.6 | 612.9 |
| Want more part-time hours | 63.5 | 191.1 | 62.2 | 193.5 | 66.3 | 186.2 | 252.5 |
| Want full-time hours | 163.0 | 172.2 | 164.8 | 190.2 | 164.0 | 196.4 | 360.4 |

UNDEREMPLOYED WORKERS, Underemployment status—September 2002 to 2004

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEPTEMBER } \\ & 2002 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEPTEMBER } \\ & 2003 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEPTEMBER } \\ & 2004 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Males | Females | Males | Females | Persons |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for economic reasons | 36.3 | 11.6 | 30.4 | 9.2 | 45.9 | 9.4 | 55.3 |
| Part-time workers wanting more hours who were available to start work with more hours(a) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Looking and available to start | 124.9 | 168.5 | 117.1 | 168.8 | 119.5 | 171.8 | 291.4 |
| Not looking but available to start | 79.2 | 153.9 | 83.1 | 158.8 | 78.0 | 153.6 | 231.6 |
| Total underemployed | 240.3 | 334.0 | 230.5 | 336.8 | 243.4 | 334.9 | 578.3 |

(a) Availability refers to in the reference week or within four weeks.

PART-TIME WORKERS WHO WANT MORE HOURS, Whether looking and/or available—September 2002 to 2004

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEPTEMBER } \\ & 2002 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEPTEMBER } \\ & 2003 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { SEPTEMBER } \\ & 2004 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Males | Females | Males | Females | Persons |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 |
| Had been looking for work with more hours | 128.4 | 172.6 | 122.8 | 177.6 | 122.1 | 179.7 | 301.9 |
| Looking and available to start | 124.9 | 168.5 | 117.1 | 168.8 | 119.5 | 171.8 | 291.4 |
| Looking and available in the reference week | 107.7 | 135.8 | 105.4 | 131.3 | 100.5 | 137.1 | 237.6 |
| Looking and not available in the reference week but within four weeks | 17.1 | 32.7 | 11.7 | 37.5 | 19.0 | 34.7 | 53.8 |
| Looking and not available to start | *3.6 | *4.1 | 5.7 | 8.8 | *2.6 | 7.9 | 10.5 |
| Had not been looking for work with more hours | 98.1 | 190.6 | 104.2 | 206.1 | 108.2 | 202.9 | 311.0 |
| Not looking and available to start | 79.2 | 153.9 | 83.1 | 158.8 | 78.0 | 153.6 | 231.6 |
| Not looking and available in the reference week | 54.7 | 98.1 | 65.0 | 107.5 | 58.6 | 104.3 | 162.9 |
| Not looking and not available in the reference week but within four weeks | 24.5 | 55.8 | 18.1 | 51.3 | 19.4 | 49.3 | 68.7 |
| Not looking and not available to start | 19.0 | 36.7 | 21.2 | 47.3 | 30.2 | 49.3 | 79.4 |
| Total | 226.6 | 363.2 | 227.0 | 383.7 | 230.3 | 382.6 | 612.9 |

* estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution

PART-TIME WORKERS WHO WANT MORE HOURS, Whether looking and/or available-By selected characteristics

|  | LOOKING OR AVAILABLE IN THE REFERENCE WEEK |  |  |  | Not looking and not available in the reference week |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Looking and available | Looking and not available | Not looking and available | Total |  | Total |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 |  | '000 |
|  |  | MALES |  |  |  |  |
| Age group (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 20.0 | *3.6 | 16.9 | 40.6 | 9.7 | 50.2 |
| 20-24 | 21.9 | 4.9 | 8.2 | 34.9 | 11.6 | 46.5 |
| 25-34 | 22.9 | *3.1 | 9.1 | 35.1 | 8.1 | 43.2 |
| 35-44 | 16.7 | *3.9 | 7.3 | 28.0 | 4.7 | 32.6 |
| 45-54 | 11.1 | *4.3 | 8.7 | 24.0 | 6.5 | 30.5 |
| 55 and over | 7.9 | *1.8 | 8.4 | 18.1 | 9.1 | 27.2 |
| Relationship in household |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Family member | 76.3 | 15.5 | 47.0 | 138.8 | 38.7 | 177.5 |
| Husband, wife or partner | 33.4 | 9.1 | 22.6 | 65.1 | 20.0 | 85.1 |
| Lone parent | *1.6 | - | *1.5 | *3.0 | *0.8 | *3.9 |
| Dependent student | 10.9 | *3.1 | 9.8 | 23.9 | 9.2 | 33.1 |
| Non-dependent child | 25.8 | *3.2 | 12.6 | 41.5 | 8.3 | 49.8 |
| Other family person | *4.6 | - | **0.6 | 5.3 | **0.4 | 5.6 |
| Non-family member | 19.3 | 5.7 | 7.6 | 32.5 | 9.4 | 41.9 |
| Relationship not determined | 5.0 | **0.5 | *3.9 | 9.4 | *1.5 | 10.9 |
| Level of highest educational attainment(a) (b) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bachelor Degree or above | 16.8 | *3.0 | 8.1 | 27.9 | 7.6 | 35.5 |
| Advanced Diploma/Diploma | 6.3 | *1.0 | *3.2 | 10.5 | *2.3 | 12.8 |
| Certificate | 15.7 | 4.9 | 7.6 | 28.2 | 6.3 | 34.5 |
| Year 12(c) | 28.9 | 5.6 | 16.6 | 51.1 | 14.1 | 65.1 |
| Year 11(c) | 5.9 | *2.7 | *3.5 | 12.2 | 8.5 | 20.7 |
| Year 10 or below(c) | 26.3 | *4.5 | 18.5 | 49.3 | 10.3 | 59.7 |
| Status in employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee | 88.2 | 17.8 | 47.6 | 153.5 | 39.1 | 192.7 |
| Employer | - | - | **0.5 | **0.5 | **0.5 | *1.1 |
| Own account worker | 11.4 | *3.8 | 8.8 | 24.0 | 9.3 | 33.3 |
| Contributing family worker | *0.9 | - | *1.7 | *2.6 | **0.7 | *3.3 |
| Preferred total number of hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 30 | 15.3 | *3.5 | 16.4 | 35.2 | 12.5 | 47.8 |
| 30-34 | 6.4 | *2.0 | 6.0 | 14.3 | *4.2 | 18.5 |
| 35-39 | 35.6 | 6.6 | 17.8 | 60.0 | 16.0 | 76.0 |
| 40 or more | 43.3 | 9.5 | 18.3 | 71.1 | 16.9 | 88.0 |
| Preferred number of extra hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 10.1 | 5.3 | 19.7 | 35.1 | 17.0 | 52.0 |
| 10-19 | 46.7 | 10.6 | 24.1 | 81.5 | 20.1 | 101.5 |
| 20-29 | 33.2 | *3.7 | 11.9 | 48.8 | 10.6 | 59.4 |
| 30 or more | 10.4 | *2.1 | *2.9 | 15.4 | *2.0 | 17.3 |
| Whether would prefer to change employer(d) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would prefer to change employer | 39.7 | 7.9 | 19.3 | 67.0 | 15.1 | 82.1 |
| Would prefer not to change employer | 39.7 | 9.0 | 30.6 | 79.2 | 28.7 | 107.9 |
| No preference | 21.1 | 4.7 | 8.7 | 34.4 | 5.8 | 40.3 |
| Whether would prefer to change occupation(e) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would prefer to change occupation | 47.0 | 9.9 | 21.8 | 78.7 | 21.2 | 99.9 |
| Would prefer not to change occupation | 32.6 | 9.2 | 25.2 | 67.1 | 22.2 | 89.3 |
| No preference | 20.8 | *2.5 | 11.6 | 34.9 | 6.1 | 41.1 |
| Total | 100.5 | 21.6 | 58.6 | 180.7 | 49.6 | 230.3 |

[^0]PART-TIME WORKERS WHO WANT MORE HOURS, Whether looking and/or available-By
selected characteristics continued


[^1](a) The levels of education are not necessarily in order from highest to lowest. For more information see Appendix 1.
(b) Excludes 'no educational attainment' and 'level not determined'.
(c) Includes persons who are currently undertaking school study.
(d) Whether would prefer to change employer to work more hours.
(e) Whether would prefer to change occupation to work more hours.
Excludes 'no educational attainment and level not determined.

PART-TIME WORKERS WHO WANT MORE HOURS, Whether looking and/or available-By

## selected characteristics continued



* estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution
** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use
- nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)
(a) The levels of education are not necessarily in order from highest to lowest. For more information see Appendix 1.
(b) Excludes 'no educational attainment' and 'level not determined'.
(c) Includes persons who are currently undertaking school study.
(d) Whether would prefer to change employer to work more hours.
(e) Whether would prefer to change occupation to work more hours.

PART-TIME WORKERS WHO WANT MORE HOURS, Duration of current period of insufficient work-By selected characteristics

|  | DURATION OF CURRENT PERIOD OF INSUFFICIENT WORK (WEEKS) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-12 | 13-51 | 52 or more | Total | Mean duration | Median duration |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | weeks | weeks |
|  | MALE |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age group (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 19.6 | 16.9 | 13.7 | 50.2 | 34.0 | 21 |
| 20-24 | 15.1 | 16.5 | 15.0 | 46.5 | 43.3 | 26 |
| 25-34 | 18.8 | 13.5 | 10.9 | 43.2 | 36.7 | 20 |
| 35-44 | 14.0 | 11.2 | 7.4 | 32.6 | 35.9 | 17 |
| 45-54 | 6.3 | 8.0 | 16.2 | 30.5 | 113.9 | 52 |
| 55 and over | 5.1 | 6.5 | 15.6 | 27.2 | 100.5 | 52 |
| Relationship in household |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Family member | 59.4 | 57.2 | 60.8 | 177.5 | 54.7 | 26 |
| Husband, wife or partner | 27.6 | 27.3 | 30.2 | 85.1 | 62.4 | 26 |
| Lone parent | *1.7 | *0.8 | *1.3 | *3.9 | *69.3 | *26 |
| Dependent student | 10.3 | 11.2 | 11.6 | 33.1 | 39.3 | 30 |
| Non-dependent child | 17.9 | 16.9 | 15.0 | 49.8 | 49.5 | 21 |
| Other family person | *1.8 | *1.1 | *2.8 | 5.6 | *66.6 | *50 |
| Non-family member | 16.0 | 11.6 | 14.4 | 41.9 | 58.3 | 20 |
| Relationship not determined | *3.6 | *3.8 | *3.6 | 10.9 | *48.6 | *34 |
| Level of highest educational attainment(a) (b) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bachelor Degree or above | 11.3 | 10.5 | 13.8 | 35.5 | 68.1 | 30 |
| Advanced Diploma/Diploma | 5.5 | 5.0 | *2.3 | 12.8 | 38.7 | *19 |
| Certificate | 12.7 | 10.1 | 11.7 | 34.5 | 55.1 | 22 |
| Year 12(c) | 24.0 | 23.3 | 17.8 | 65.1 | 38.1 | 25 |
| Year 11(c) | 5.8 | 6.7 | 8.3 | 20.7 | 49.6 | 26 |
| Year 10 or below(c) | 19.2 | 16.8 | 23.6 | 59.7 | 68.0 | 32 |
| Status in employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee | 66.5 | 61.6 | 64.6 | 192.7 | 52.8 | 26 |
| Employer | **0.2 | *0.9 | - | *1.1 | **29.3 | **26 |
| Own account worker | 11.4 | 8.8 | 13.2 | 33.3 | 68.9 | 26 |
| Contributing family worker | *0.9 | *1.4 | *1.0 | *3.3 | *59.7 | **26 |
| Preferred total number of hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 30 | 14.9 | 14.8 | 18.0 | 47.8 | 49.4 | 32 |
| 30-34 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 7.1 | 18.5 | 73.9 | 32 |
| 35-39 | 25.8 | 23.5 | 26.7 | 76.0 | 60.6 | 26 |
| 40 or more | 32.4 | 28.7 | 27.0 | 88.0 | 49.5 | 20 |
| Preferred number of extra hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 19.9 | 14.3 | 17.8 | 52.0 | 49.7 | 26 |
| 10-19 | 35.0 | 35.6 | 31.0 | 101.5 | 51.5 | 26 |
| 20-29 | 17.1 | 19.1 | 23.2 | 59.4 | 67.3 | 32 |
| 30 or more | 7.0 | *3.6 | 6.8 | 17.3 | 50.7 | 24 |
| Whether would prefer to change employer(d) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would prefer to change employer | 28.9 | 27.7 | 25.4 | 82.1 | 47.1 | 26 |
| Would prefer not to change employer | 38.0 | 34.0 | 35.9 | 107.9 | 57.0 | 26 |
| No preference | 11.9 | 10.9 | 17.5 | 40.3 | 66.3 | 28 |
| Whether would prefer to change occupation( |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would prefer to change occupation | 36.3 | 31.9 | 31.7 | 99.9 | 50.5 | 25 |
| Would prefer not to change occupation | 32.3 | 30.4 | 26.6 | 89.3 | 51.2 | 26 |
| No preference | 10.3 | 10.3 | 20.4 | 41.1 | 74.7 | 50 |
| Total | 78.9 | 72.6 | 78.8 | 230.3 | 55.1 | 26 |

* estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution
** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use
- nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)
(a) The levels of education are not necessarily in order from highest to lowest. For more information see Appendix 1.
(b) Excludes 'no educational attainment' and 'level not determined'.
(c) Includes persons who are currently undertaking school study.
(d) Whether would prefer to change employer to work more hours.
(e) Whether would prefer to change occupation to work more hours.

PART-TIME WORKERS WHO WANT MORE HOURS, Duration of current period of insufficient work-By selected characteristics continued

|  | DURATION OF CURRENT PERIOD OF INSUFFICIENT WORK (WEEKS) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-12 | 13-51 | $52 \text { or }$ more | Total | Mean duration | Median duration |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | weeks | weeks |
|  | FEMAL |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age group (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 22.6 | 22.7 | 15.1 | 60.4 | 33.5 | 26 |
| 20-24 | 21.5 | 20.7 | 15.3 | 57.5 | 48.3 | 21 |
| 25-34 | 28.9 | 20.5 | 23.2 | 72.6 | 48.8 | 26 |
| 35-44 | 24.6 | 25.5 | 35.8 | 85.9 | 57.0 | 30 |
| 45-54 | 21.4 | 21.9 | 39.2 | 82.6 | 98.0 | 42 |
| 55 and over | 4.7 | *4.2 | 14.8 | 23.6 | 115.0 | 52 |
| Relationship in household |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Family member | 103.8 | 99.5 | 126.2 | 329.5 | 62.7 | 32 |
| Husband, wife or partner | 58.4 | 52.3 | 75.7 | 186.4 | 64.4 | 32 |
| Lone parent | 12.8 | 14.3 | 23.9 | 51.0 | 86.5 | 40 |
| Dependent student | 12.7 | 11.8 | 9.5 | 34.0 | 37.8 | 26 |
| Non-dependent child | 17.7 | 19.0 | 15.3 | 52.0 | 51.9 | 26 |
| Other family person | *2.3 | *2.0 | *1.9 | 6.2 | *43.1 | *22 |
| Non-family member | 15.0 | 10.5 | 13.1 | 38.7 | 58.1 | 26 |
| Relationship not determined | 4.8 | 5.6 | *4.0 | 14.4 | 78.5 | *26 |
| Level of highest educational attainment(a) (b) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bachelor Degree or above | 19.4 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 47.6 | 54.4 | 25 |
| Advanced Diploma/Diploma | 14.1 | 10.7 | 12.9 | 37.7 | 54.7 | 26 |
| Certificate | 17.8 | 10.5 | 21.0 | 49.3 | 76.6 | 28 |
| Year 12(c) | 28.1 | 38.2 | 31.4 | 97.6 | 58.1 | 28 |
| Year 11(c) | 14.0 | 13.0 | 15.0 | 42.0 | 51.0 | 26 |
| Year 10 or below(c) | 29.4 | 28.1 | 46.3 | 103.8 | 68.9 | 37 |
| Status in employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee | 110.6 | 106.5 | 127.5 | 344.6 | 61.8 | 30 |
| Employer | *1.5 | **0.2 | *0.8 | *2.5 | **24.2 | **11 |
| Own account worker | 10.0 | 7.3 | 14.1 | 31.4 | 79.0 | 36 |
| Contributing family worker | *1.5 | *1.6 | *1.1 | *4.2 | * 48.7 | *17 |
| Preferred total number of hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 30 | 46.2 | 40.1 | 47.0 | 133.4 | 55.9 | 26 |
| 30-34 | 13.7 | 17.7 | 21.5 | 52.9 | 72.8 | 35 |
| 35-39 | 40.5 | 34.1 | 51.2 | 125.8 | 67.2 | 30 |
| 40 or more | 23.2 | 23.7 | 23.6 | 70.6 | 60.7 | 32 |
| Preferred number of extra hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 37.0 | 37.8 | 45.3 | 120.1 | 64.2 | 30 |
| 10-19 | 55.9 | 55.7 | 64.2 | 175.8 | 61.3 | 29 |
| 20-29 | 21.7 | 16.8 | 25.2 | 63.7 | 63.6 | 32 |
| 30 or more | 9.1 | 5.2 | 8.7 | 23.0 | 65.6 | 30 |
| Whether would prefer to change employer(d) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would prefer to change employer | 45.6 | 36.7 | 41.0 | 123.2 | 49.8 | 26 |
| Would prefer not to change employer | 61.5 | 62.9 | 77.6 | 202.0 | 67.9 | 30 |
| No preference | 16.6 | 16.0 | 24.8 | 57.4 | 73.0 | 36 |
| Whether would prefer to change occupation(e) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would prefer to change occupation | 49.4 | 48.1 | 56.0 | 153.5 | 56.8 | 26 |
| Would prefer not to change occupation | 57.2 | 52.1 | 69.9 | 179.2 | 66.7 | 32 |
| No preference | 17.1 | 15.4 | 17.4 | 49.9 | 67.6 | 27 |
| Total | 123.7 | 115.6 | 143.4 | 382.6 | 62.9 | 30 |

* estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution
** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use
(a) The levels of education are not necessarily in order from highest to lowest. For more information see Appendix 1.
(b) Excludes 'no educational attainment' and 'level not determined'.
(c) Includes persons who are currently undertaking school study.
(d) Whether would prefer to change employer to work more hours.
(e) Whether would prefer to change occupation to work more hours.

PART-TIME WORKERS WHO WANT MORE HOURS, Duration of current period of insufficient work-By selected characteristics continued

|  | DURATION OF CURRENT PERIOD OF INSUFFICIENT WORK (WEEKS) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1-12 | 13-51 | $52 \text { or }$ more | Total | Mean duration | Median duration |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | weeks | weeks |
|  | PERSO |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age group (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 42.3 | 39.6 | 28.8 | 110.7 | 33.7 | 26 |
| 20-24 | 36.6 | 37.2 | 30.2 | 104.0 | 46.0 | 26 |
| 25-34 | 47.7 | 34.0 | 34.0 | 115.8 | 44.3 | 22 |
| 35-44 | 38.6 | 36.7 | 43.2 | 118.5 | 51.2 | 26 |
| 45-54 | 27.7 | 29.9 | 55.5 | 113.1 | 102.3 | 50 |
| 55 and over | 9.7 | 10.7 | 30.4 | 50.8 | 107.3 | 52 |
| Relationship in household |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Family member | 163.2 | 156.7 | 187.1 | 507.0 | 59.9 | 27 |
| Husband, wife or partner | 86.0 | 79.6 | 105.9 | 271.4 | 63.8 | 30 |
| Lone parent | 14.5 | 15.1 | 25.2 | 54.8 | 85.3 | 40 |
| Dependent student | 23.0 | 23.0 | 21.0 | 67.1 | 38.5 | 26 |
| Non-dependent child | 35.6 | 35.9 | 30.3 | 101.8 | 50.7 | 26 |
| Other family person | *4.1 | *3.1 | *4.6 | 11.8 | *54.3 | *26 |
| Non-family member | 31.0 | 22.1 | 27.5 | 80.6 | 58.2 | 26 |
| Relationship not determined | 8.4 | 9.3 | 7.6 | 25.3 | 65.6 | 26 |
| Level of highest educational attainment(a) (b) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bachelor Degree or above | 30.7 | 24.6 | 27.8 | 83.1 | 60.3 | 26 |
| Advanced Diploma/Diploma | 19.6 | 15.7 | 15.2 | 50.5 | 50.7 | 26 |
| Certificate | 30.5 | 20.6 | 32.7 | 83.8 | 67.7 | 26 |
| Year 12(c) | 52.1 | 61.5 | 49.2 | 162.8 | 50.1 | 26 |
| Year 11(c) | 19.8 | 19.7 | 23.3 | 62.8 | 50.5 | 26 |
| Year 10 or below(c) | 48.7 | 44.9 | 70.0 | 163.5 | 68.6 | 36 |
| Status in employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee | 177.1 | 168.1 | 192.1 | 537.3 | 58.6 | 26 |
| Employer | *1.7 | *1.1 | *0.8 | *3.5 | *25.7 | **26 |
| Own account worker | 21.4 | 16.1 | 27.2 | 64.7 | 73.8 | 32 |
| Contributing family worker | *2.4 | *3.0 | *2.1 | 7.4 | *53.6 | *26 |
| Preferred total number of hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 30 | 61.2 | 54.9 | 65.0 | 181.1 | 54.2 | 26 |
| 30-34 | 19.4 | 23.3 | 28.6 | 71.4 | 73.1 | 35 |
| 35-39 | 66.3 | 57.6 | 77.9 | 201.8 | 64.7 | 27 |
| 40 or more | 55.6 | 52.4 | 50.6 | 158.6 | 54.5 | 26 |
| Preferred number of extra hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less than 10 | 56.9 | 52.1 | 63.1 | 172.1 | 59.8 | 26 |
| 10-19 | 90.9 | 91.3 | 95.2 | 277.3 | 57.7 | 26 |
| 20-29 | 38.7 | 35.9 | 48.4 | 123.1 | 65.4 | 32 |
| 30 or more | 16.1 | 8.8 | 15.5 | 40.4 | 59.2 | 26 |
| Whether would prefer to change employer(d) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would prefer to change employer | 74.5 | 64.4 | 66.4 | 205.4 | 48.7 | 26 |
| Would prefer not to change employer | 99.5 | 96.8 | 113.5 | 309.9 | 64.1 | 26 |
| No preference | 28.5 | 26.9 | 42.3 | 97.7 | 70.2 | 36 |
| Whether would prefer to change occupation( |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would prefer to change occupation | 85.7 | 80.0 | 87.7 | 253.4 | 54.3 | 26 |
| Would prefer not to change occupation | 89.4 | 82.5 | 96.6 | 268.5 | 61.6 | 26 |
| No preference | 27.4 | 25.7 | 37.9 | 90.9 | 70.8 | 34 |
| Total | 202.6 | 188.2 | 222.2 | 612.9 | 59.9 | 26 |

* estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution
** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use
(a) The levels of education are not necessarily in order from highest to lowest. For more information see Appendix 1.
(b) Excludes 'no educational attainment' and 'level not determined'.
(c) Includes persons who are currently undertaking school study.
(d) Whether would prefer to change employer to work more hours.
(e) Whether would prefer to change occupation to work more hours.

|  | PREFERRED NUMBER OF EXTRA HOURS |  |  |  |  | Mean preferred number of extra hours |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less } \\ & \text { than } \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 10-19 | 20-29 | 30 or more | Total |  |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | hours |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age group (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 17.0 | 14.4 | 10.3 | *2.9 | 44.6 | 14.1 |
| 20-24 | 8.5 | 18.6 | 9.0 | *4.1 | 40.2 | 16.4 |
| 25-34 | 5.0 | 17.9 | 12.3 | *3.5 | 38.7 | 17.8 |
| 35-44 | *3.6 | 14.5 | 8.2 | *2.9 | 29.1 | 16.9 |
| 45-54 | *4.1 | 13.0 | 7.6 | *1.3 | 26.0 | 16.3 |
| 55 and over | *4.6 | 11.3 | 5.0 | **0.7 | 21.5 | 16.5 |
| Status in employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee | 36.5 | 78.2 | 42.6 | 13.0 | 170.3 | 16.0 |
| Employer | - | - | **0.5 | - | **0.5 | **23.0 |
| Own account worker | *4.3 | 10.7 | 8.7 | *2.4 | 26.1 | 18.2 |
| Contributing family worker | *2.0 | **0.7 | **0.6 | - | *3.3 | *10.6 |
| Usual number of hours worked |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-5 | 8.8 | *4.1 | *1.5 | 5.8 | 20.3 | 17.0 |
| 6-10 | 6.2 | 9.5 | 8.3 | 6.3 | 30.2 | 19.4 |
| 11-15 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 16.4 | *1.1 | 29.1 | 19.2 |
| 16-20 | *2.2 | 16.9 | 23.0 | *1.1 | 43.2 | 18.7 |
| 21-29 | 6.1 | 38.1 | *2.4 | **0.2 | 46.8 | 13.6 |
| 30-34 | 13.8 | 15.2 | **0.7 | *0.8 | 30.5 | 10.3 |
| Whether would move interstate if offered a suitable job |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would move interstate | 5.6 | 22.5 | 15.9 | 5.2 | 49.2 | 18.0 |
| Would not move interstate | 33.2 | 53.5 | 27.8 | 8.2 | 122.8 | 15.3 |
| Might move interstate | *2.9 | 10.1 | 7.2 | *1.9 | 22.1 | 17.6 |
| Did not know | *1.0 | *3.5 | *1.4 | - | 5.9 | 15.8 |
| Whether would move intrastate if offered a suitable job |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would move intrastate | 7.1 | 27.5 | 18.0 | 7.2 | 59.8 | 17.9 |
| Would not move intrastate | 29.2 | 47.3 | 22.8 | 7.1 | 106.5 | 15.1 |
| Might move intrastate | 5.5 | 11.8 | 9.4 | *1.1 | 27.7 | 16.8 |
| Did not know | *0.9 | *3.0 | *2.2 | - | 6.1 | 17.1 |
| Total | 42.7 | 89.6 | 52.4 | 15.4 | 200.2 | 16.2 |

* estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution
** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use

[^2]|  | PREFERRED NUMBER OF EXTRA HOURS |  |  |  |  | Mean |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Less } \\ \text { than } \\ 10 \end{gathered}$ | 10-19 | 20-29 | 30 or more | Total | preferred <br> number of extra hours |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | hours |
| FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age group (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 19.3 | 23.5 | 10.5 | 1.6 | 54.8 | 13.3 |
| 20-24 | 13.6 | 26.9 | 8.6 | *2.8 | 51.9 | 14.2 |
| 25-34 | 18.5 | 26.8 | 8.0 | 6.9 | 60.2 | 14.5 |
| 35-44 | 20.4 | 30.9 | 16.3 | 5.3 | 72.9 | 15.2 |
| 45-54 | 21.9 | 39.5 | 10.0 | *2.5 | 74.0 | 13.3 |
| 55 and over | 6.9 | 9.5 | *2.4 | **0.6 | 19.4 | 13.0 |
| Status in employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee | 92.7 | 146.1 | 49.4 | 15.9 | 304.1 | 13.8 |
| Employer | **0.7 | *0.8 | - | **0.7 | *2.2 | *16.8 |
| Own account worker | 6.8 | 8.8 | 5.9 | *2.8 | 24.3 | 16.5 |
| Contributing family worker | **0.4 | *1.4 | **0.5 | **0.4 | *2.8 | *16.6 |
| Usual number of hours worked |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-5 | 9.5 | 16.4 | 5.9 | 8.0 | 39.9 | 17.7 |
| 6-10 | 14.2 | 28.3 | 13.0 | 11.1 | 66.7 | 17.2 |
| 11-15 | 13.3 | 19.4 | 17.4 | **0.1 | 50.2 | 14.9 |
| 16-20 | 15.3 | 32.1 | 18.4 | **0.6 | 66.4 | 14.6 |
| 21-29 | 19.5 | 51.9 | **0.5 | - | 71.9 | 11.6 |
| 30-34 | 28.8 | 9.0 | **0.4 | - | 38.2 | 7.5 |
| Whether would move interstate if offered a suitable job |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would move interstate | 13.5 | 25.8 | 9.8 | 6.9 | 56.1 | 16.0 |
| Would not move interstate | 79.2 | 117.8 | 39.4 | 11.7 | 248.2 | 13.6 |
| Might move interstate | 6.5 | 10.2 | *4.0 | **0.4 | 21.2 | 12.9 |
| Did not know | *1.5 | *3.2 | *2.5 | **0.7 | 7.9 | 16.9 |
| Whether would move intrastate if offered a suitable job |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would move intrastate | 18.8 | 38.9 | 14.8 | 8.6 | 81.1 | 15.9 |
| Would not move intrastate | 72.2 | 102.8 | 32.9 | 9.9 | 217.8 | 13.4 |
| Might move intrastate | 8.1 | 12.9 | 6.3 | **0.4 | 27.7 | 13.5 |
| Did not know | *1.6 | *2.5 | *1.8 | *0.9 | 6.7 | 16.2 |
| Total | 100.7 | 157.1 | 55.8 | 19.8 | 333.3 | 14.1 |
| estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution <br> ** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use | (a) | nil or rounded to zero (including null cells) Availability refers to in the reference week or within four weeks. |  |  |  |  |


|  | PREFERRED NUMBER OF EXTRA HOURS |  |  |  |  | Mean preferred number of extra hours |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Less } \\ \text { than } \\ 10 \end{array}$ | 10-19 | 20-29 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ | Total |  |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | hours |
| PERSONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Age group (years) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15-19 | 36.4 | 37.9 | 20.7 | *4.4 | 99.4 | 13.6 |
| 20-24 | 22.1 | 45.5 | 17.6 | 6.9 | 92.1 | 15.2 |
| 25-34 | 23.5 | 44.7 | 20.3 | 10.5 | 98.9 | 15.8 |
| 35-44 | 24.0 | 45.4 | 24.5 | 8.2 | 102.1 | 15.7 |
| 45-54 | 26.0 | 52.5 | 17.6 | *3.9 | 100.0 | 14.1 |
| 55 and over | 11.4 | 20.8 | 7.4 | *1.3 | 40.9 | 14.8 |
| Status in employment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee | 129.2 | 224.3 | 92.0 | 28.9 | 474.3 | 14.6 |
| Employer | **0.7 | *0.8 | **0.5 | **0.7 | *2.7 | *18.0 |
| Own account worker | 11.1 | 19.5 | 14.6 | 5.2 | 50.4 | 17.4 |
| Contributing family worker | *2.4 | *2.1 | *1.1 | **0.4 | 6.1 | 13.4 |
| Usual number of hours worked |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1-5 | 18.4 | 20.5 | 7.5 | 13.8 | 60.2 | 17.5 |
| 6-10 | 20.4 | 37.8 | 21.3 | 17.4 | 96.9 | 17.9 |
| 11-15 | 19.0 | 25.2 | 33.9 | *1.2 | 79.3 | 16.5 |
| 16-20 | 17.5 | 49.0 | 41.5 | *1.6 | 109.6 | 16.2 |
| 21-29 | 25.6 | 90.0 | *3.0 | **0.2 | 118.8 | 12.4 |
| 30-34 | 42.5 | 24.2 | *1.1 | *0.8 | 68.7 | 8.7 |
| Whether would move interstate if offered a suitable job |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would move interstate | 19.1 | 48.4 | 25.8 | 12.1 | 105.3 | 16.9 |
| Would not move interstate | 112.4 | 171.4 | 67.3 | 19.9 | 371.0 | 14.2 |
| Might move interstate | 9.4 | 20.3 | 11.3 | *2.3 | 43.3 | 15.3 |
| Did not know | *2.5 | 6.7 | *3.9 | **0.7 | 13.8 | 16.4 |
| Whether would move intrastate if offered a suitable job |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Would move intrastate | 25.9 | 66.4 | 32.8 | 15.7 | 140.9 | 16.8 |
| Would not move intrastate | 101.4 | 150.1 | 55.7 | 17.0 | 324.3 | 13.9 |
| Might move intrastate | 13.6 | 24.7 | 15.7 | *1.5 | 55.5 | 15.1 |
| Did not know | *2.5 | 5.5 | *4.0 | *0.9 | 12.9 | 16.7 |
| Total | 143.4 | 246.8 | 108.2 | 35.1 | 533.5 | 14.9 |

* estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution
** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use
(a) Availability refers to in the reference week or within four weeks.

|  | NUMBER |  |  | MEAN PREFERRED <br> NUMBER OF EXTRA HOURS |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Males | Females | Persons | Males | Females | Persons |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | hours | hours | hours |
| Had been looking for work with more hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Own ill health or disability | *3.1 | *4.5 | 7.6 | *19.8 | 14.8 | 16.8 |
| Considered too young by employers(b) | **0.2 | *1.8 | *1.9 | **8.0 | *17.1 | *16.3 |
| Considered too old by employers(b) | 7.2 | 9.0 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.8 | 15.9 |
| Unsuitable hours | 7.9 | 16.6 | 24.5 | 16.1 | 12.7 | 13.8 |
| Too far to travel/transport problems | 7.4 | 7.0 | 14.4 | 17.9 | 15.1 | 16.5 |
| Lacked necessary skills or education | 11.9 | 18.4 | 30.3 | 17.8 | 16.4 | 17.0 |
| Language difficulties | *3.4 | *1.7 | 5.1 | *19.0 | *17.2 | 18.4 |
| Insufficient work experience | 8.4 | 11.1 | 19.5 | 19.4 | 20.4 | 20.0 |
| No vacancies in line of work | 27.2 | 28.0 | 55.2 | 19.4 | 14.2 | 16.8 |
| Too many applicants for available jobs | 8.4 | 17.6 | 26.0 | 18.6 | 16.2 | 16.9 |
| No vacancies at all | 10.9 | 18.1 | 29.0 | 18.7 | 17.4 | 17.9 |
| Difficulties in finding child care | **0.3 | 6.2 | 6.5 | **10.0 | 18.0 | 17.6 |
| Other family responsibilities | *1.0 | 4.9 | 6.0 | *15.0 | 14.8 | 14.9 |
| Other difficulties | 14.5 | 20.6 | 35.2 | 16.2 | 14.1 | 14.9 |
| No difficulties reported | 10.4 | 13.8 | 24.1 | 15.6 | 15.3 | 15.4 |
| Total(c) | 122.1 | 179.7 | 301.9 | 17.8 | 15.6 | 16.5 |
| Had not been looking for work with more hours | 78.0 | 153.6 | 231.6 | 13.7 | 12.2 | 12.7 |
| Total | 200.2 | 333.3 | 533.5 | 16.2 | 14.1 | 14.9 |

* estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution
** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use
(a) Availability refers to in the reference week or within four weeks.
(b) From July 2004, a change has been made to the category 'considered too young or too old by employers'. See paragraph 20 of the Explanatory Notes for more information.
(c) Includes 'difficulties with ethnic background'.

|  | PREFERRED NUMBER OF EXTRA HOURS |  |  |  |  | Mean |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less } \\ & \text { than } \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 10-19 | 20-29 | $\begin{aligned} & 30 \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ | Total | preferred <br> number <br> of extra <br> hours |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | hours |
|  | MALE |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asked current employer for more work | 9.0 | 32.3 | 19.7 | 7.2 | 68.1 | 17.8 |
| Contacted prospective employers | 9.0 | 37.1 | 24.3 | 9.0 | 79.5 | 18.4 |
| Registered with Centrelink | *2.1 | 12.4 | 10.3 | 4.9 | 29.6 | 20.2 |
| Checked Centrelink touchscreens | **0.5 | 5.7 | 6.9 | *4.6 | 17.7 | 23.3 |
| Checked factory noticeboards | **0.2 | *2.8 | *2.3 | **0.7 | 6.0 | 20.6 |
| Contacted an employment agency | *1.5 | 9.7 | 8.1 | *3.7 | 22.9 | 20.0 |
| Looked in newspapers | 6.0 | 33.2 | 23.6 | 6.5 | 69.4 | 18.5 |
| Searched Internet sites | 6.0 | 15.1 | 12.2 | 5.4 | 38.7 | 18.9 |
| Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job | *3.5 | 14.0 | 9.9 | *3.7 | 31.1 | 19.0 |
| Advertised or tendered for work | **0.6 | 4.9 | 7.0 | *0.9 | 13.5 | 21.0 |
| Contacted friends or relatives | *3.8 | 18.3 | 14.3 | 4.8 | 41.2 | 19.2 |
| Other steps taken to find work | *1.9 | 9.3 | 5.4 | *2.6 | 19.2 | 18.3 |
| Had not been looking for work with more hours | 27.3 | 32.3 | 15.6 | *2.9 | 78.0 | 13.7 |


| FEM ALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Asked current employer for more work | 19.4 | 47.8 | 24.5 | 8.1 | 99.7 | 16.2 |
| Contacted prospective employers | 19.2 | 53.3 | 26.5 | 10.9 | 110.0 | 16.6 |
| Registered with Centrelink | 6.8 | 16.2 | 11.6 | 4.8 | 39.5 | 17.7 |
| Checked Centrelink touchscreens | $* 2.7$ | 6.8 | 5.9 | $* 2.0$ | 17.4 | 17.9 |
| Checked factory noticeboards | $* * 0.6$ | $* 1.7$ | $* 1.6$ | $* * 0.5$ | $* 4.4$ | 18.6 |
| Contacted an employment agency | $* 4.1$ | 10.1 | 6.5 | $* 3.9$ | 24.4 | 18.7 |
| Looked in newspapers | 20.6 | 48.7 | 27.5 | 8.8 | 105.5 | 16.5 |
| Searched Internet sites | 11.2 | 27.5 | 11.9 | 6.9 | 57.5 | 16.7 |
| Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job | 4.9 | 14.2 | 9.0 | 6.5 | 34.5 | 18.5 |
| Advertised or tendered for work | $* 1.9$ | $* 3.7$ | $* 2.0$ | $* 2.0$ | 9.6 | 18.0 |
| Contacted friends or relatives | 10.0 | 21.5 | 9.4 | 6.7 | 47.6 | 16.5 |
| Other steps taken to find work | 4.8 | 14.7 | $* 4.3$ | $* 1.0$ | 24.9 | 14.5 |
| Had not been looking for work with more hours | 59.0 | 72.6 | 16.7 | 5.3 | 153.6 | 12.2 |

## PERSONS

|  | 28.3 | 80.1 | 44.1 | 15.3 | 167.9 | 16.8 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Asked current employer for more work | 28.3 | 90.4 | 50.9 | 20.0 | 189.5 | 17.3 |
| Contacted prospective employers | 8.9 | 28.6 | 21.9 | 9.7 | 69.1 | 18.8 |
| Registered with Centrelink | $* 3.3$ | 12.5 | 12.8 | 6.5 | 35.1 | 20.6 |
| Checked Centrelink touchscreens | $* * 0.7$ | $* 4.5$ | $* 3.8$ | $* 1.2$ | 10.3 | 19.7 |
| Checked factory noticeboards | 5.6 | 19.7 | 14.5 | 7.5 | 47.3 | 19.3 |
| Contacted an employment agency | 26.6 | 81.8 | 51.1 | 15.4 | 174.9 | 17.3 |
| Looked in newspapers | 17.2 | 42.6 | 24.0 | 12.3 | 96.1 | 17.6 |
| Searched Internet sites | 8.3 | 28.2 | 18.9 | 10.2 | 65.5 | 18.8 |
| Answered a newspaper advertisement for a job | $* 2.5$ | 8.7 | 9.1 | $* 2.9$ | 23.2 | 19.8 |
| Advertised or tendered for work | 13.8 | 39.8 | 23.7 | 11.4 | 88.7 | 17.7 |
| Contacted friends or relatives | 6.8 | 24.0 | 9.7 | $* 3.6$ | 44.1 | 16.1 |
| Other steps taken to find work | 86.4 | 104.8 | 32.3 | 8.1 | 231.6 | 12.7 |
| Had not been looking for work with more hours |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^3]|  | NSW | Vic. | Qld | SA | WA | Tas. | $N T(\mathrm{a})$ | ACT | Aust. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 | '000 |
| MALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employed persons | 1790.8 | 1339.7 | 1049.2 | 393.7 | 535.2 | 117.5 | 43.8 | 90.8 | 5360.8 |
| Population 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time workers | 1535.5 | 1132.4 | 898.6 | 329.7 | 456.7 | 99.0 | 39.5 | 77.7 | 4569.0 |
| Population 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers | 255.4 | 207.3 | 150.6 | 64.1 | 78.5 | 18.6 | 4.3 | 13.0 | 791.8 |
| Population 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers who want more hours | 78.3 | 60.9 | 39.6 | 20.5 | 21.1 | 5.5 | *0.8 | 3.5 | 230.3 |
| Population 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers who want more hours who had been looking for work with more hours or were available to start work with more hours in the reference week or within four weeks | 67.3 | 52.9 | 34.6 | 17.8 | 18.8 | 4.8 | *0.6 | 3.2 | 200.2 |
| Population 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers who want more hours who were available to start work with more hours in the reference week or within four weeks | 66.9 | 52.9 | 34.3 | 17.0 | 17.8 | 4.7 | *0.6 | 3.2 | 197.5 |
| Population 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Underemployed workers | 81.9 | 66.6 | 44.2 | 19.2 | 21.7 | 5.7 | *0.8 | 3.5 | 243.4 |
| FEMALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employed persons | 1441.3 | 1094.5 | 854.5 | 322.6 | 430.5 | 96.7 | 37.6 | 85.5 | 4363.2 |
| Population 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time workers | 830.3 | 585.9 | 482.9 | 164.0 | 223.7 | 47.7 | 26.8 | 53.1 | 2414.4 |
| Population 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers | 611.0 | 508.6 | 371.7 | 158.6 | 206.8 | 48.9 | 10.8 | 32.4 | 1948.9 |
| Population 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers who want more hours | 120.7 | 99.9 | 75.5 | 31.3 | 38.4 | 10.1 | 2.2 | 4.5 | 382.6 |
| Population 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers who want more hours who had been looking for work with more hours or were available to start work with more hours in the reference week or within four weeks <br> $\begin{array}{lllllllll}101.7 & 88.5 & 66.6 & 27.6 & 33.6 & 9.3 & 2.1 & 3.9 & 333.3\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Population 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers who want more hours who were available to start work with more hours in the reference week or within four weeks | 98.8 | 86.1 | 66.0 | 27.1 | 32.7 | 8.8 | 2.1 | 3.8 | 325.4 |
| Population 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Underemployed workers | 101.3 | 88.2 | 68.0 | 27.8 | 34.4 | 9.1 | 2.1 | 4.0 | 334.9 |

## PERSONS

| Population 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employed persons | 3232.2 | 2434.3 | 1903.8 | 716.3 | 965.7 | 214.2 | 81.4 | 176.2 | 9724.0 |
| Population 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Full-time workers | 2365.8 | 1718.3 | 1381.5 | 493.7 | 680.4 | 146.7 | 66.2 | 130.8 | 6983.4 |
| Population 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers | 866.4 | 716.0 | 522.3 | 222.6 | 285.3 | 67.5 | 15.1 | 45.4 | 2740.6 |
| Population 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers who want more hours | 199.0 | 160.8 | 115.1 | 51.8 | 59.5 | 15.6 | 3.0 | 8.0 | 612.9 |
| Population 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers who want more hours who had been looking for work with more hours or were available to start work with more hours in the reference week or within four weeks | 169.1 | 141.4 | 101.2 | 45.4 | 52.4 | 14.1 | 2.7 | 7.2 | 533.5 |
| Population 6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Part-time workers who want more hours who were available to start work with more hours in the reference week or within four weeks | 165.7 | 139.1 | 100.3 | 44.1 | 50.5 | 13.5 | 2.7 | 7.1 | 523.0 |
| Population 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Underemployed workers | 183.1 | 154.8 | 112.1 | 47.0 | 56.1 | 14.8 | 2.9 | 7.5 | 578.3 |

[^4](a) Refers to mainly urban areas only. For more information see paragraph 9 of the Explanatory Notes.

INTRODUCTION

CAI IMPLEMENTATION

CONCEPTS, SOURCES AND METHODS

SCOPE

COVERAGE

1 The statistics in this publication were compiled from data collected in the Underemployed Workers Survey conducted throughout Australia in September 2004 as a supplement to the Australian Bureau of Statistics (ABS) monthly Labour Force Survey (LFS). Respondents to the monthly LFS who fell within the scope of the supplementary survey were asked further questions.

2 The publication Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0) contains information about survey design, sample redesign, scope, coverage and population benchmarks relevant to the monthly LFS, which also apply to supplementary surveys. It also contains definitions of demographic and labour force characteristics, and information about telephone interviewing relevant to both the monthly LFS and supplementary surveys.
3 From April 2001 the LFS has been conducted using a redesigned questionnaire containing additional questions and some minor definitional changes. These changes also affect the supplementary surveys. For further details, see Information Paper: Implementing the Redesigned Labour Force Survey Questionnaire (cat. no. 6295.0) and Information Paper: Questionnaires Used in the Labour Force Survey (cat. no. 6232.0).

4 Information for this survey was collected using computer assisted interviewing (CAI), whereby responses are recorded directly onto an electronic questionnaire on a notebook computer. The CAI was progressively implemented in the LFS and its supplementary surveys between October 2003 and August 2004.

5 The change of interviewing method is not expected to have affected the estimates in any meaningful way.

6 The conceptual framework used in Australia's LFS aligns closely with the standards and guidelines set out in the Resolutions of the International Conference of Labour Statisticians. Descriptions of the underlying concepts and structure of Australia's labour force statistics, and the sources and methods used in compiling these estimates, are presented in Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods (cat. no. 6102.0.55.001) which is available on the ABS web site [http://www.abs.gov.au](http://www.abs.gov.au) (Methods, Classifications, Concepts \& Standards).

7 The scope of the LFS is restricted to persons aged 15 years and over and excludes the following persons:

- members of the permanent defence forces
- certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from the census and estimated populations
- overseas residents in Australia
- members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants).

8 Students at boarding schools, patients in hospitals, residents of homes (e.g. retirement homes, homes for persons with disabilities), and inmates of prisons are excluded from all supplementary surveys.

9 This supplementary survey was conducted in both urban and rural areas in all states and territories, but excluded approximately 120,000 persons living in very remote parts of Australia who would otherwise have been within the scope of the survey. The exclusion of these persons will have only a minor impact on any aggregate estimates that are produced for individual states and territories, except the Northern Territory where such persons account for over $20 \%$ of the population.

10 The estimates in this publication relate to persons covered by the survey in September 2004. In the LFS, coverage rules are applied which aim to ensure that each person is associated with only one dwelling and hence has only one chance of selection in the survey. See Labour Force, Australia (cat. no. 6202.0) for more details.

11 The initial sample for the September LFS consisted of 40,639 private dwelling households and special dwelling units. Of the 33,033 private dwelling households and special dwelling units that remained in the survey after sample loss (e.g. households selected in the survey which had no residents in scope for the LFS, vacant or derelict dwellings and dwellings under construction), approximately 30,918 or $93.6 \%$ were fully responding to the Underemployed Workers survey. The number of completed interviews obtained from these private dwelling households and special dwelling units (after taking into account scope, coverage and subsampling exclusions) was 32,050 .

12 Estimates in this publication are subject to sampling and non-sampling errors:

- Sampling error is the difference between the published estimate and the value that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. For more information see the Technical Note.
- Non-sampling errors are inaccuracies that occur because of imperfections in reporting by respondents and interviewers, and errors made in coding and processing data. These inaccuracies may occur in any enumeration, whether it be a full count or a sample. Every effort is made to reduce the non-sampling error to a minimum by careful design of questionnaires, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, and efficient processing procedures.

13 The estimates are based on information collected in the survey month and, due to seasonal factors, may not be representative of other months of the year.

14 Country of birth data are classified according to the Standard Australian Classification of Countries (SACC), 1998 (cat. no. 1269.0).
15 Educational attainment data are classified according to Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED) (cat. no. 1272.0). See Appendix 1 for more information.

16 Revisions are made to population benchmarks for the LFS after each five-yearly Census of Population and Housing. The last such revision was made in February 2004 to take account of the results of the 2001 Census of Population and Housing. Estimates from supplementary surveys conducted from and including February 2004 are based on the revised population benchmarks.

17 Supplementary surveys are not always conducted on the full LFS sample. Since August 1994 the sample for supplementary surveys has been restricted to no more than seven-eighths of the LFS sample. Therefore the reduction in sample size means that the standard errors for this survey differ from those applicable to surveys conducted prior to August 1994.

18 Prior to September 1994, part-time workers who wanted more hours of work were asked whether they were available to start work with more hours within the subsequent four weeks. From September 1994, an additional question was added to also determine their availability to start work with more hours during the reference week. This question was added to the survey so that estimates of underemployment could be more easily aligned with the then current International Labour Organisation (ILO) recommendations on underemployment.

19 As part of the redesign in 2001 of the LFS questionnaire, persons who were on short-term unpaid leave initiated by the employer, are now classified as employed. This approach is consistent with ILO recommendations on formal job attachment. Analysis of data from the LFS shows that many of these persons usually worked part time, and that a number of these had a preference to work more hours. However, overall, these persons contribute only marginally to the change in part-time workers wanting more hours.

COMPARABILITY OF TIME SERIES continued

COMPARABILITY WITH MONTHLY LFS STATISTICS

COMPARABILITY WITH ILO DEFINITIONS

PREVIOUS SURVEYS

NEXT SURVEY

ACKNOWLEDGMENT

RELATED PUBLICATIONS

20 From July 2004, a change has been made to the category 'considered too young or too old by employers' for the items 'all difficulties in finding work with more hours' and 'main difficulty in finding work with more hours'. The category has been split into 'considered too young by employers' and 'considered too old by employers'.

21 Due to differences in the scope and sample size of this supplementary survey and that of the monthly LFS, the estimation procedure may lead to some small variations between labour force estimates from this survey and those from the monthly LFS.

22 Comparability of the concepts and definitions used in the Underemployed Workers Survey are discussed in the Conceptual Framework on page 3. More detailed discussion is included in Labour Statistics: Concepts Sources and Methods, 2001 (cat. no. 6102.0.55.001), Chapter 5.

23 The Underemployed Workers Survey was conducted in May 1985, 1988 and 1991. In 1994, the survey became an annual survey, collected each September. Results of previous surveys were published in: Underemployed Workers, Australia (cat. no. 6265.0); and the standard data service Underemployed Workers, Australia (cat. no. 6265.0.40.001) for 1994 and 1995.

24 The ABS plans to conduct this survey again in September 2005.
25 ABS publications draw extensively on information provided freely by individuals, businesses, governments and other organisations. Their continued cooperation is very much appreciated: without it, the wide range of statistics published by the ABS would not be available. Information received by the ABS is treated in strict confidence as required by the Census and Statistics Act 1905.

26 ABS publications which may be of interest include:
Job Search Experience, Australia, cat. no. 6222.0
Labour Force, Australia, cat. no. 6202.0
Labour Force Experience, Australia, cat. no. 6206.0
Labour Mobility, Australia, cat. no. 6209.0
Labour Statistics: Concepts, Sources and Methods, cat. no. 6102.0.55.001
Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia, cat. no. 6220.0
Working Arrangements, Australia, cat. no. 6342.0
Australian Labour Market Statistics, cat. no. 6105.0
27 Current publications and other products released by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications and Products (cat. no. 1101.0). The Catalogue is available from any ABS office or the ABS web site [http://www.abs.gov.au](http://www.abs.gov.au). The ABS also issues a daily Release Advice on the web site which details products to be released in the week ahead.

CLASSIFICATION OF EDUCATION

In 2001, the ABS Classification of Qualifications (ABSCQ) (cat. no. 1262.0) was replaced by the Australian Standard Classification of Education (ASCED) (cat. no.1272.0). The ASCED is a national standard classification which can be applied to all sectors of the Australian education system including schools, vocational education and training and higher education. ASCED replaces a number of classifications previously used in administrative and statistical systems, including the ABSCQ. The ASCED comprises two classifications: Level of Education and Field of Education.

Level of Highest Educational Attainment can be derived from information on Highest Year of School Completed and Level of Highest Non-school Qualification. The derivation process determines which of the 'non-school' or 'school' attainments will be regarded as the highest. Usually the higher ranking attainment will be self-evident, but in some cases some Secondary Education is regarded, for the purposes of obtaining a single measure, as higher than some Certificate level attainments.
The following decision table is used to determine which of the responses to questions on Highest Year of School Completed (coded to ASCED Broad Level 6) and Level of Highest Non-school Qualification (coded to ASCED Broad Level 5) will be regarded as the highest. It is emphasised that this table was designed for the purpose of obtaining a single value for the output variable Level of Highest Educational Attainment and is not intended to convey any other ordinality.

| Decision Table: Level of Highest Educational Attainment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ASCED LEVEL OF EDUCATION CODES | Certificate <br> n.f.d. (500) | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. (510) | $\underset{(511)}{\text { Certificate IV }}$ | $\underset{(514)}{ } \text { Certificate III }$ | Certificate I or II n.f.d. (520) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Certificate II } \\ (521) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Certificate I } \\ (524) \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Secondary } \\ & \text { Education n.f.d. } \\ & (600) \end{aligned}$ | Certificate n.f.d. | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. | Certificate IV | Certificate III | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Certificate I or II } \\ \text { n.f.d. } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Certificate II | Certificate I |
| Senior Secondary Education n.f.d. (610) | Senior Secondary n.f.d. | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. | Certificate IV | Certificate III | Senior Secondary n.f.d. | Senior Secondary n.f.d. | Senior Secondary n.f.d. |
| Year 12 (611) | Year 12 | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. | Certificate IV | Certificate III | Year 12 | Year 12 | Year 12 |
| Year 11 (613) | Year 11 | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. | Certificate IV | Certificate III | Year 11 | Year 11 | Year 11 |
| Junior Secondary Education n.f.d. (620) | Certificate n.f.d. | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. | Certificate IV | Certificate III | Certificate I or II n.f.d. | Certificate II | Certificate I |
| Year 10 (621) | Year 10 | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. | Certificate IV | Certificate III | Year 10 | Certificate II | Year 10 |
| Year 9 (622) | Certificate n.f.d. | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. | Certificate IV | Certificate III | Certificate I or II n.f.d. | Certificate II | Certificate I |
| Year 8 (623) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Certificate } \\ & \text { n.f.d. } \end{aligned}$ | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. | Certificate IV | Certificate III | Certificate I or II n.f.d. | Certificate II | Certificate I |
| Year 7 (624) | Certificate n.f.d. | Certificate III or IV n.f.d. | Certificate IV | Certificate III | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Certificate I or II } \\ \text { n.f.d. } \end{array}$ | Certificate II | Certificate I |

CLASSIFICATION OF
EDUCATION continued

The decision table is also used to rank the information provided in a survey about the qualifications and attainments of a single individual. It does not represent any basis for comparison between differing qualifications. For example, a person whose Highest Year of School Completed was Year 12, and whose Level of Highest Non-school Qualification was a Certificate III, would have those responses crosschecked on the decision table and would as a result have their Level of Highest Educational Attainment output as Certificate III. However, if the same person answered 'Certificate' to the highest non-school qualification question, without offering any further detail, it would be crosschecked against Year 12 on the decision table as 'Certificate not further defined'. The output would then be 'Year 12'. The decision table, therefore, does not necessarily imply that one qualification is 'higher' than the other.

DATA AVAILABLE ON REQUEST

Population 1

Population 2:

Population 3

Population 4:

Population 5:

Population 6:

Population 7:

The ABS has a range of data available on request from the Underemployed Workers Survey. This section lists the data items and populations which relate to the survey. More detailed breakdowns of some data items may also be available on request.

The population(s) for a particular data item refers to the person in the survey to whom the data item relates. Where alternative output categories are available for the same data item, these are shown and the data item name is followed by a bracketed numeral (e.g. Country of birth (2)).

For more information about ABS data available on request, contact Sue Taylor on Canberra (02) 62525603 , or by facsimile on (02) 6252 7512, or by email to [sue.taylor@abs.gov.au](mailto:sue.taylor@abs.gov.au).

Employed persons.
Full-time workers.
Part-time workers.
Part-time workers who want more hours.
Part-time workers who want more hours who had been looking for work with more hours or were available to start work with more hours in the reference week or within four weeks. Part-time workers who want more hours who were available to start work with more hours in the reference week or within four weeks.

Underemployed workersData items1 State or territory of usual residencePopulationsAllNew South WalesVictoriaQueenslandSouth AustraliaWestern AustraliaTasmaniaNorthern TerritoryAustralian Capital Territory2Area of usual residenceAllCapital cityBalance of state/territory3Region of usual residenceAllStandard labour force disseminationregions4 SexAllMalesFemales
5Marital statusAllMarriedNot married
Data items6 Relationship in household
Populations
Family member
Husband, wife or partnerWith dependantsWithout dependants
Lone parent
With dependantsWithout dependantsDependent studentNon-dependent childOther family person
Non-family member
Lone personNot living alone
Relationship not determined
7A Country of birth and period of arrival All
Born in Australia
Born overseas
Arrived before 1971
Arrived 1971-1980Arrived 1981-1990Arrived 1991-2000

| Data | items | Populations | Data | items | Populations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 7B | Country of birth (1) | All | 10A | Full-time or part-time status (2) cont. | All |
|  | Born in Australia |  |  | Employed persons cont. |  |
|  | Born overseas |  |  | Part-time workers |  |
|  | Born in main English-speaking countries |  |  | Not wanting more hours |  |
|  | Born in other than main |  |  | Want more hours |  |
|  | English-speaking countries |  |  | Want more part-time hours |  |
| 7C | Country of birth (2) | All |  | Want full-time hours |  |
|  | Born in Australia |  | 11 | Whether fully employed | All |
|  | Born overseas |  |  | Fully employed |  |
|  | Oceania and Antarctica |  |  | Part-time workers who want more |  |
|  | North-West Europe |  |  | hours and persons who worked |  |
|  | Southern and Eastern Europe |  |  | less than 35 hours in the |  |
|  | North Africa and the Middle East |  |  | reference week for economic |  |
|  | South-East Asia |  |  | reasons |  |
|  | North-East Asia |  | 12 | Status in employment | All |
|  | Southern and Central Asia |  |  | Employee |  |
|  | Americas |  |  | Employer |  |
|  | Sub-Saharan Africa |  |  | Own account worker |  |
| 8 | Age group (years) | All |  | Contributing family worker |  |
|  | 15-19 |  | 13 | Number of hours worked in the | 4-7 |
|  | 20-24 |  |  | reference period |  |
|  | 25-34 |  |  | 0-5 |  |
|  | 35-44 |  |  | 6-10 |  |
|  | 45-54 |  |  | 11-15 |  |
|  | 55-59 |  |  | 16-20 |  |
|  | 60-64 |  |  | 21-29 |  |
|  | 65 and over |  |  | 30-34 |  |
|  | Note: Age collected in single years |  |  | 35 or more |  |
| 9 | Underemployment status | 7 | 14 | Type of insufficient work | 4-6 |
|  | Worked less than 35 hours in |  |  | Full-time |  |
|  | reference week for economic |  |  | Part-time |  |
|  |  |  | 15 |  | 4-7 |
|  | Part-time workers wanting more hours who were available to start |  | 15 | insufficient work | 4-7 |
|  | work with more hours in the |  |  | 1-3 weeks |  |
|  | reference week or within four |  |  | 4-12 weeks |  |
|  | weeks |  |  | 13-51 weeks |  |
|  | Looking and available to start |  |  | 52 weeks or more |  |
|  | Not looking but available to start |  | 16 | Level of highest educational | 4-7 |
| 10 | Full-time or part-time status (1) | All |  | attainment | 4 |
|  | Full-time workers |  |  | Postgraduate Degree |  |
|  | Part-time workers |  |  | Graduate Diploma/Graduate |  |
| 10A | Full-time or part-time status (2) | All |  | Bachelor Degree |  |
|  | Employed persons |  |  | Advanced Diploma/Diploma |  |
|  | Full-time workers |  |  | Certificate III/IV |  |
|  | Worked 35 hours or more in the reference week |  |  | Certificate I/II |  |
|  |  |  |  | Certificate not further defined |  |
|  | the reference week |  |  | Year 12 |  |
|  | For non-economic |  |  | Year 11 |  |
|  | reasons |  |  | Year 10 or below |  |
|  | For economic reasons |  |  | Level not determined |  |
|  |  |  |  | No educational attainment |  |

Data items
17 Whether would move interstate if offered a suitable job
Would move interstate
Would not move interstate
Might move interstate Did not know

18 Whether would move intrastate if offered a suitable job
Would move intrastate Would not move intrastate

Might move intrastate Did not know

19 Whether would prefer to change occupation to work more hours
Would prefer to change occupation
Would prefer not to change occupation
No preference
20 Whether would prefer to change employer to work more hours
Would prefer to change employer
Would prefer not to change employer
No preference
21 Whether looking and/or available (1) 4-6
Had been looking for work with more hours
Looking and available to start
Looking and available in the reference week
Looking and not available in the reference week but within four weeks

Looking and not available to start

Had not been looking for work with more hours
Not looking and available to start

Not looking and available in the reference week
Not looking and not available in the reference week but within four weeks

## Populations

4-7
正
21 W

Populations
4-6
cont.
Had not been looking for work with more hours cont.

Not looking and not available to start
21A Whether looking and/or available (2) 4-6
Looking or available to start work with more hours in the reference week
Looking and available
Looking and not available
Not looking and available
Not looking and not available to start work with more hours in the reference week

22 All steps taken to find work with more 4-6 hours in the last four weeks
Asked current employer for more work
Contacted prospective employers
Registered with Centrelink
Checked Centrelink touchscreens
Checked factory noticeboards
Contacted an employment agency
Looked in newspapers
Searched Internet sites
Answered a newspaper
advertisement for a job
Advertised or tendered for work
Contacted friends or relatives
Other steps taken to find work
Had not been looking for work with more hours
23 Whether registered with Centrelink 4-6
Registered with Centrelink for job search assistance
Not registered with Centrelink for job search assistance
Had not been looking for work with more hours

24 Preferred number of extra hours 4-6
Less than 10
10-19
20-29
30 or more

| Data | items | Populations | Data | items | Populations |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | Main difficulty in finding work with more hours | 4-6 | 25 | Main difficulty in finding work with more hours cont. | 4-6 |
|  | Had been looking for work with more hours |  |  | Had been looking for work with more hours cont. |  |
|  | Own ill health or disability |  |  | Other family responsibilities |  |
|  | Considered too young by employers |  |  | Other difficulties |  |
|  | Considered too old by employers Unsuitable hours |  |  | Had not been looking for work with more hours |  |
|  | Too far to travel/transport problems |  | 26 | Usual number of hours worked | 4-6 |
|  | Lacked necessary skills or education |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1-5 \\ & 6-10 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Language difficulties |  |  | 11-15 |  |
|  | Insufficient work experience |  |  | 16-20 |  |
|  | No vacancies in line of work |  |  | 21-29 |  |
|  | Too many applicants for available jobs |  |  | 30-34 |  |
|  | No vacancies at all |  | 27 | Preferred total number of hours | 4-6 |
|  | Difficulties with ethnic background |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Less than } 30 \\ & 30-34 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | Difficulties in finding child care |  |  | 35-39 |  |
|  |  |  |  | 40 or more |  |

## APPENDIX 3 SUPPLEMENTARY SURVEYS

The Monthly Population Survey program collects data on particular aspects of the labour force. The following is an historical list of supplementary surveys to the monthly labour force surveys. Data from these surveys are available on request and can be obtained by contacting the ABS.

|  | cat. no. | Frequency | Latest issue |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Career Experience, Australia | 6254.0 | Irregular | November 2002 |
| Career Paths of Persons with Trade Qualifications, Australia | 6243.0 | Discontinued | Final issue 1993 |
| Child Care, Australia | 4402.0 | Irregular | June 2002 |
| Education and Work, Australia | 6227.0 | Annual | May 2004 |
| Employee Earnings, Benefits, and Trade Union Membership, Australia | 6310.0 | Annual | August 2003 |
| Forms of Employment, Australia | 6359.0 | Irregular | November 2001 |
| Job Search Experience, Australia | 6222.0 | Annual | July 2004 |
| Labour Force Experience, Australia | 6206.0 | Biennial | February 2003 |
| Labour Force Status and Educational Attainment, Australia | 6235.0 | Discontinued | Final issue 1994 |
| Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Families, Australia(a) | 6224.0 | Discontinued | Final issue 2000 |
| Labour Force Status and Other Characteristics of Migrants, Australia | 6250.0 | Irregular | November 1999 |
| Labour Mobility, Australia | 6209.0 | Biennial | February 2004 |
| Locations of Work, Australia | 6275.0 | Irregular | June 2000 |
| Multiple Jobholding, Australia(b) | 6216.0 | Irregular | August 1997 |
| Participation in Education, Australia | 6272.0 | Discontinued | Final issue 1999 |
| Persons Not in the Labour Force, Australia | 6220.0 | Annual | September 2004 |
| Persons Who had Re-entered the Labour Force, Australia | 6264.0.40.001 | Discontinued | Final issue 1995 |
| Persons Who Have Left the Labour Force, Australia | 6267.0.40.001 | Discontinued | Final issue 1994 |
| Retirement and Retirement Intentions, Australia | 6238.0 | Irregular | November 1997 |
| Retrenchment and Redundancy, Australia | 6266.0 | Irregular | July 2001 |
| Successful and Unsuccessful Job Search Experience, Australia | 6245.0 | Discontinued | Final issue 2000 |
| Superannuation, Australia | 6319.0 | Discontinued | Final issue 1995 |
| Underemployed Workers, Australia | 6265.0 | Annual | September 2003 |
| Working Arrangements, Australia | 6342.0 | Irregular | November 2003 |
| Work-Related Injuries, Australia | 6324.0 | Irregular | September 2000 |

[^5]
## INTRODUCTION

CALCULATION OF STANDARD ERROR

1 Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants of a sample of dwellings, they are subject to sampling variability. That is, they may differ from those estimates that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the standard error (SE), which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three ( $67 \%$ ) that a sample estimate will differ by less than one SE from the number that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about 19 chances in 20 (95\%) that the difference will be less than two SEs. Another measure of the likely difference is the relative standard error (RSE), which is obtained by expressing the SE as a percentage of the estimate.

2 Due to space limitations, it is impractical to print the SE of each estimate in the publication. Instead, a table of SEs is provided to enable readers to determine the SE for an estimate from the size of that estimate (see table T1). The SE table is derived from a mathematical model, referred to as the 'SE model', which is created using data from a number of past Labour Force Surveys. It should be noted that the SE model only gives an approximate value for the SE for any particular estimate, since there is some minor variation between SEs for different estimates of the same size.

3 An example of the calculation and the use of SEs in relation to estimates of persons is as follows. Table 5 shows the estimated number of female part-time workers who want more hours was 382,600 . Since this estimate is between 300,000 and 500,000 , table T1 shows that the SE for Australia will lie between 7,250 and 8,800 and can be approximated by interpolation using the following general formula:

## SE of estimate

$$
\begin{aligned}
& =\text { lower } S E+\left(\left(\frac{\text { size of estimate }- \text { lower estimate }}{\text { upper estimate }- \text { lower estimate }}\right) \times(\text { upper } S E-\text { lower } S E)\right) \\
& =7,250+\left(\left(\frac{382,600-300,000}{500,000-300,000}\right) \times(8,800-7,250)\right) \\
& =7,900 \text { (rounded to the nearest } 100)
\end{aligned}
$$

4 Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the value that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey will fall within the range 374,700 to 390,500 and about 19 chances in 20 that the value will fall within the range 366,800 to 398,400 . This example is illustrated in the following diagram.


5 In general, the size of the SE increases as the size of the estimate increases. Conversely, the RSE decreases as the size of the estimate increases. Very small estimates are thus subject to such high RSEs that their value for most practical purposes is unreliable. In the tables in this publication, only estimates with RSEs of $25 \%$ or less are considered reliable for most purposes. Estimates with RSEs greater than $25 \%$ but less than or equal to $50 \%$ are preceded by an asterisk (e.g.*3.2) to indicate they are subject to high SEs and should be used with caution. Estimates with RSEs of greater than $50 \%$, preceded by a double asterisk (e.g.**0.3), are considered too unreliable for general use

CALCULATION OF STANDARD ERROR continued

MEANS AND MEDIANS

PROPORTIONS AND PERCENTAGES
and should only be used to aggregate with other estimates to provide derived estimates with RSEs of less than $25 \%$

6 The RSEs of estimates of mean duration of insufficient work, median duration of insufficient work and mean preferred number of extra hours are obtained by first finding the RSE of the estimate of the total number of persons contributing to the mean or median (see table T1) and then multiplying the resulting number by the following factors:

- mean duration of insufficient work: 1.7
- median duration of insufficient work: 2.1
- mean preferred number of extra hours: 0.8.

7 The following is an example of the calculation of SEs where the use of a factor is required. Table 5 shows that the estimated number of male part-time workers who want more hours was 230,300 with a median duration of insufficient work of 26 weeks. The SE of 230,300 can be calculated from table T1 (by interpolation) as 6,600. To convert this to a RSE we express the SE as a percentage of the estimate or $6,600 / 230,300=2.9 \%$.

8 The RSE of the estimate of median duration of insufficient work is calculated by multiplying this number (2.9\%) by the appropriate factor shown in paragraph 6 (in this case 2.1): $2.9 \times 2.1=6.1 \%$. The SE of this estimate of median duration of insufficient work is therefore $6.1 \%$ of 26 , i.e. about 2 (rounded to the nearest whole week). Therefore, there are two chances in three that the median duration of insufficient work for males that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey would have been within the range $24-28$ weeks, and about 19 chances in 20 that it would have been within the range 22-30 weeks.

9 Proportions and percentages formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling errors. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and the denominator. A formula to approximate the RSE of a proportion is given below. This formula is only valid when x is a subset of y
$\operatorname{RSE}\left(\frac{x}{y}\right)=\sqrt{[\operatorname{RSE}(x)]^{2}-[\operatorname{RSE}(y)]^{2}}$

10 Considering the example from paragraph 3, of the 382,600 females who usually work part time and want more hours, 143,400 or $37.5 \%$ had insufficient work for 52 weeks or more. The SE of 143,400 may be calculated by interpolation as 5,500 . To convert this to an RSE we express the SE as a percentage of the estimate, or $5,500 / 143,400=3.8 \%$. The SE for 382,600 was calculated previously as 7,900 , which converted to an $\operatorname{RSE}$ is $7,900 / 382,600=2.1 \%$. Applying the above formula, the RSE of the proportion is
$R S E=\sqrt{(3.8)^{2}-(2.1)^{2}}=3.2 \%$

11 Therefore, the SE for the proportion of females who have a current period of insufficient work of 52 weeks or more is 1.2 percentage points $(=(37.5 / 100) \times 3.2)$. Therefore, there are about two chances in three that the proportion of females who have a current period of insufficient work of 52 weeks or more was between $36.3 \%$ and $38.7 \%$ and 19 chances in 20 that the proportion is within the range $35.1 \%$ to $39.9 \%$.

12 Published estimates may also be used to calculate the difference between two survey estimates (of numbers or percentages). Such an estimate is subject to sampling error. The sampling error of the difference between two estimates depends on their SEs and the relationship (correlation) between them. An approximate SE of the difference between two estimates ( $\mathrm{x}-\mathrm{y}$ ) may be calculated by the following formula:
$S E(x-y)=\sqrt{[S E(x)]^{2}+[S E(y)]^{2}}$

TECHNICAL NOTE DATA QUALITY continued

13 While this formula will only be exact for differences between separate and uncorrelated characteristics or subpopulations, it is expected to provide a good approximation for all differences likely to be of interest in this publication.

T1 STANDARD ERRORS OF ESTIMATES



T2 LEVELS AT WHICH ESTIMATES HAVE RELATIVE STANDARD ERRORS OF 25\% AND 50\% (a)

|  | NSW | Vic. | Qld | SA | WA | Tas. | NT | ACT | Aust. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | no. | no. | no. | no. | no. | no. | no. | no. | no. |
| RSE OF 25\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean duration of current period of insufficient work | 11800 | 10800 | 8300 | 4600 | 5600 | 2000 | 1300 | 2100 | 12000 |
| Median duration of current period of insufficient work | 18900 | 14300 | 12200 | 6700 | 8000 | 3200 | 2800 | 2900 | 16300 |
| Mean preferred number of extra hours | 5300 | 4400 | 4200 | 2300 | 2700 | 900 | 800 | 1100 | 4100 |
| All other estimates | 6200 | 4700 | 4100 | 2500 | 2900 | 1200 | 1000 | 1100 | 4600 |
| RSE OF 50\% |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mean duration of current period of insufficient work | 2800 | 2800 | 2400 | 1400 | 1700 | 600 | 400 | 700 | 2500 |
| Median duration of current period of insufficient work | 5000 | 3900 | 3500 | 2100 | 2400 | 1000 | 900 | 1000 | 3700 |
| Mean preferred number of extra hours | 900 | 900 | 1200 | 700 | 800 | 300 | 300 | 400 | 600 |
| All other estimates | 1200 | 1000 | 1200 | 800 | 900 | 400 | 300 | 400 | 700 |

(a) Refers to the number of persons contributing to the estimate.

Centrelink Centrelink is a statutory authority responsible for delivering a range of Commonwealth government services, including registering of persons for job search assistance and income support.

## Duration of insufficient work

Full-time workers

Fully employed workers

Level of highest educational attainment

Looking for work with more hours

Main English-speaking countries

## Mean duration of insufficient

work
Mean preferred number of extra hours

Median duration of insufficient work

The duration of insufficient work is the length of time underemployed workers have been working less than 35 hours a week. As periods of insufficient work are recorded in full weeks and rounded down, this results in a slight understatement of duration.

Employed Persons aged 15 years and over who, during the reference week:

- worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind, in a job or business or on a farm (comprising employees, employers and own account workers); or
- worked for one hour or more without pay in a family business or on a farm (i.e. contributing family workers); or
- were employees who had a job but were not at work and were:
- away from work for less than four weeks up to the end of the reference week; or
- away from work for more than four weeks up to the end of the reference week and received pay for some or all of the four-week period to the end of the reference week; or
- away from work as a standard work or shift arrangement; or
- on strike or locked out; or
- on workers' compensation and expected to return to their job; or
- were employers or own account workers who had a job, business or farm, but were not at work.

Employed persons who usually worked 35 hours or more a week (in all jobs) or others who, although usually worked less than 35 hours a week, worked 35 hours or more during the reference week.

Employed persons who:

- worked full time during the reference week (including persons who usually work part time but worked full time in the reference week); or
- usually work full time but worked less than 35 hours in the reference week for non-economic reasons (such as illness or injury, leave holiday or flextime, or personal reasons); or
- part-time workers who do not want to work additional hours.

The civilian population aged 15 years and over can be split into two mutually exclusive groups: the labour force (employed and unemployed persons) and persons not in the labour force.

Level of highest educational attainment identifies the highest achievement a person has attained in any area of study. It is defined as the highest educational attainment a person has achieved, and is not a measurement of relative importance of different fields of study.

Looked for work with more hours at some time during the four weeks up to the end of the reference week.

The main English-speaking countries are the United Kingdom, Ireland, Canada, South Africa, the United States of America and New Zealand.

The mean duration of insufficient work is obtained by dividing the aggregate number of weeks a group has had insufficient work by the number of persons in that group.

The mean preferred number of extra hours is obtained by dividing the total preferred number of extra hours reported by a group by the number of persons in that group.

The median duration of insufficient work is obtained by dividing underemployed workers into two equal groups, one comprising persons whose duration of insufficient work is above the median, and the other comprising persons whose duration is below it.

## GLOSSARY continued

| Part-time workers | Employed persons who usually worked less than 35 hours a week (in all jobs) and either did so during the reference week, or were not at work during the reference week. |
| :---: | :---: |
| Preferred number of extra hours | The number of extra hours a week an underemployed worker would have preferred to work. |
| Reference week | The week preceding the week in which the interview was conducted. |
| Status in employment | Employed persons classified by whether they were employees, employers, own account workers, or contributing family workers. |
| Underemployed workers | Underemployed workers are employed persons who want, and are available for, more hours of work than they currently have. They comprise: <br> - part-time workers who want to work more hours and were available to start work with more hours, either in the reference week or in the four weeks subsequent to the survey <br> - full-time workers who worked part-time hours in the reference week for economic reasons (such as being stood down or insufficient work being available). It is assumed that these people wanted to work full time in the reference week and would have been available to do so. |
| Usual number of hours | The number of hours usually worked in a week. |


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[^0]:    * estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution
    ** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use
    - nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)
    (a) The levels of education are not necessarily in order from highest to lowest. For more information see Appendix 1
    (b) Excludes 'no educational attainment' and 'level not determined'.
    (c) Includes persons who are currently undertaking school study.
    (d) Whether would prefer to change employer to work more hours.
    (e) Whether would prefer to change occupation to work more hours.

[^1]:    * estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution
    ** estimate has a relative standard error greater than 50\% and is considered too unreliable for general use
    - nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)

[^2]:    - nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)
    (a) Availability refers to in the reference week or within four weeks.

[^3]:    * estimate has a relative standard error of 25\% to 50\% and should be used with caution
    ** estimate has a relative standard error greater than $50 \%$ and is considered too unreliable for general use
    (a) Availability refers to in the reference week or within four weeks.
    (b) Refers to all steps taken to find work during the four weeks prior to the survey, therefore persons may appear in more than one category.

[^4]:    * estimate has a relative standard error of $25 \%$ to $50 \%$ and should be used with caution

[^5]:    (a) Latest data available June 2003, from the ABS web site cat. no.
    (b) Latest data available on request July 2001.
    6291.0.55.001 annual, or on request.

